Lavor unios By JAMES WATTS, of America and their basic

Local 600 FEPC Director

The Nationaal Negro Labor Council held its Second Annual Conference in Cleveland,



W. R. HOOD.

Ohio, on November 21-23. The Credential Committee reported 1,300 registered delegates. This was probably a minimum figure necause registration fee was \$2.50 and a great number of the delegates from the South did not pay the \$2.50 and so were not included in the Conference Committee's report. LOCAL 600 REPRESENTED

A number of buildings from Local 600 sent delegates and delegates were in attendance from numerous other UAW locals. There were sharecroppers from Georgia, fishermen from Florida, sailors, packinghouse and steel workers. Negroes converged in Cleveland from the four corners

theme was JOBS AND FIRST CLASS CITIZEN-SHIP IN A FIRST CLASS DEMOCRACY.

The idea of Negro workers forming an organization to seek jobs is new to some, strange to others and frowned upon by a few, but there is nothing new and novel about this. Practically every national group in America has some organization of its own and if anybody needs to organize and try to better his condition this is especially true for Negroes.

How much does the average white worker know about the aims and aspirations of Negro workers in the mines, the mills and the shops? What does he know of his strivings for real democracy? Very little.

JOB GAINS WON AND DOCUMENTED .

On Friday night a report was given by the National Executive Secretary on the progress made in the past year. This report was too lengthy to be given here, but it is sufficient to say, the report had meat and substance and was a guaranteed step toward progress. Included, in particular, was the campaign waged by the Detroit chapter of the Council to get a union label for a Negro printer. This fight was successfully concluded a week before the conference. Anyone who knows the his-

tory of the struggle by union printers to get a union label can appreciate this one victory, which, in itself, justifies the Council's existence even if it had accomplished nothing else.

GOOD ATTENDANCE

The attendance, at this Conference, would well serve as an example to other organizations, when delegates know what they want, as these people do. They were in attendance at every meeting, promptly and on time, to try to help out a program of action. In spite of the phony obstacles that were erected by the enemies of democracy and the Negro people, in and out of the labor movement, the Conference was a success and its mark will be left indelibly upon the American scene. WITHOUT STRUGGLE THERE

IS NO PROGRESS

The National Negro Labor Council has been called a 'Communist front' organization in some reactionary quarters and despite the hysterical ravings and rantings, the delegates came to the Conference, conducted the business of the conference and pledged a program for Negro rights and the improvement of job conditions. If the name-callers would direct their energies toward making democracy work for all Americans there would be no need for a National Negro Labor Council. If

sharecroppers in Georgia can appreciate the need for a labor council then we who have a minimum of freedom should be doing our bit toward full aemocracy. HOOD ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

Local 600 was represented. in all phases of the Conference. William R. Hood, Recording Secretary of Local 600, was re-elected President after a 25 minute ovation. Hood described the Council as a spontaneous movement against such grievances as much needed housing. discrimination in employment and labor unions, denial of civil liberties, police brutality and he revival of the KKK and pro-Confederate sentiments. Hood sounded the keynote of the Conference when he said, "WE ASK THE LEADERS OF ORGANIZED LABOR FOR YOUR HELP IN THE FIGHT FOR DEMOCRA-CY BUT WE DO NOT ASK YOUR PERMISSION."